## **AIRF Collection**

Union Resolutions (NCCRS /I/74 Part II /74-75)

authors: Northern Railways Employees' Coordination Committee, NCCRS, Insurance Employees Union [Archives of Indian Labour / AILH – VV Giri NLI]

RESOLUTIONS 1. Victorisation: on 22.7.74 salutes the Railwaynen who participated in the biggest ever strike conducted in this country braving unprecodented repression during the month of May for achieving just and reasonable demands. The unity, determination and courage displayed by Railwaynen and their families in the course of the struggle will stand out as a shining example to workers all ever the world. The convention notes with profound gratitude that the entire working class in this country came forward in solidarity actions to uphold the cause of Railwaynen besides giving financial help to victimised workers.

It is now evident that the Railway Administration conspired as early as in March to provoke the Railwaymen into a strike and then crush it. The talks with NCCRS leaders served as cover to nake all preparations in the mountline to break the strike: That the Rly. Minister was not serious about the talks was known from the very beginning. The talks were draggedon to lull Railwaymen into complacency and unpreparedness. The blitzkrige on the Railwaymen's leaders during the small hours of May second capped the Railway Minister's treachery. The strike was not dealt with as a labour problem. Alle virtual war was unleashed on the peaceful strikers. Railway stations and colonies presented the appearance of Police camps. Large scale arrests, removal from service, threat to evict from quarters, suspension, reversion, punitive transfer etc. have been resorted to. In Olavakkot Divn. 36 Railwaymen were arrested under MISA and 400 under DIE. Eight Railwaynen are facing trial on sabotage charges foisted upon them. 15 Railwaymen were convicted and sentenced to various terms of impresentent in summary trials and their appeals are pending in courts. Contrary to the utterances of Railway Minister and Prime Minister during and after the strike large scale vietimisation continues eventhough two months have passed after calling off the strike. 13 Employees summarily convicted by Courts have been dismissed from service. 5 persons though released from Jail have not been allowed to join duty. 67 permanent employees have been survival removed from service without charge non-configuration and show cause notice. Apprentices, Substitutes and CPC holders number about 1500 have been terminated without assigning any one casual labourers numbering about 400 were not taken back to duty. Thus in this Division more than 1500 workers and their families are subjected to starvation for the only "sin" of resorting to the last weapon of the working class i.e. strike.

The convention notes with great satisfaction that all these cruel and vindictive actions have however failed to crush the norale of the workers. / The convention strongly condenus the action of the Rly. Addinistration in giving awards to the wretched blacklegs. Such dirty tactics will create permanent tension between the workers.

The convention understands that the General Managers have been vested with powers to review the cases and take back the workers to duty. So far only one permanent employee has been taken back. There is no progress in the re-instatement of substitutes, CPC men and CLR etc. The Railway Administration is naking much fuss about condonation of kreaking sarvice break in service in order to hoodwink the workers and public with an appearance of leniency. If their intention is bonafide they would have first taken back to duty the terminated workers.

This convention, therefore, comes to the inescapable conclusion that the Railway Administration is not interested in restoring normalcy in its relationship with the employees and wants to continue the policy of confrontation and victimisation. The convention wishes to remind the Railway administration that the Railwaymen are not defeated and vanguished soldiers. and will rise again as one nan on a call from their leadership.

This convention, therefore, demands of the concerned authorities - 1) to we instate all dismissed are talking workers.

2) to vacate all kinds of victimisation like recurrentant

3); to resume negotiations with 'NCCRS.

4) to ensure full trade union and democratic rights and resolves to be in readiness to plunge into any effective form of action at short notice as per the call of NCCRS.

2. Wage freeze: During the last 3 years or so the Central&State Governments were planning to introduce wage freeze for workers. The President and Prine Minister among others had made no secret of it. This nove was stalled by the stiff resistance from the premised working has class. Having crushed the Railway strike the Government thought the opportune novement has come to introduce? the obnoxious ordinance.

The ordinance not anly freezes further rise in DA and Pay but also crodes and cuts the real wage. The argument of the Govt. that it is intended to prevent inflation is untenable as wage? rise has nothing to do with price rise to control which Government have taken no action so far. Worse, the Government themselves have raised the prices of many essential commodities. The convention is of the opinion that the main causes of inflation are black ( money, deficit financing and findirect; taxes, resulting, fron, Govt. 's wrong economic policies.

The convention resolves to doin with the entire working! class of thes country to fight this black ordinance.

copy terwarded to convener. Com George Fernandez

for information

Pelesso

Convener

NCERS/SA.

Mr. water



Renalutions passed in the Public Meeting held on 18-6-1974 (Anti-Repression Pay) in front of Madeer Bhavan at 18 hrs.

and hencur to these great Mertyers who have rendered selfless services for the cause of the Railway employees and even sacrificed their lives at the alter of trade Unionism during the Tay 1974 Railwaymen's Struggle. All the Railwaymen share the serrem and burden of the irrepairable less to their families as well as to the Railway Trade Union movement. The void created by the sudden demice of Com. Milgl and Thebra in the Felice Custedy and Com. RameSwamy in action can bardly be filled up and will always be considered as shining examples of unparallelled sacrifices for the noble cause of the Trade Union movement.

PESOLIMION -2: This meeting salutes the 15 lakhs Pailwaymen for their peaceful and glorious struggle waged with courage and determination for their legitimate social and economic domands. Further this Meeting bittaraly vehemently condemns the unprecedented repressive inoccured let loose by the Government for crushing the legitimate Strike of the Railwaymen for its low level slanderous propagands of lies through the Administrative machinery, Radie, Television and Press. This Meeting condemns the anti-labour policy of the Govt. in as much as using RFF, Felice, BSF, CRP, SPF and TA etc. and all voilent methods such as abuse of MISA & DIR against the peaceful democratic striking Railwaymen, illegally arresting mere than 50,000 workers and dismissing over 10,000 employees besides ejecting out 30,000 Railwaymen out of their quarters unparell even during the Britizh Rule. This Meeting of Anti-Victimisation day resolves to condemn the anti-working class policy of the Government and demands:-

- 1) All these who have been detained should be released forthwith,
- 2) All Court Cases under DIR and other CRPC etc. should withdrawn immediately,
- 3) All dismissed employees should be reinstated immediately without of less of benefits of the service,
- 4) All these who have been evicted or in the precess of being evicted from railway quarters should be allowed to continue to stary in their quarters,
- 5) Break in service of all the striking Railwaymen as threatened by the Govt. should not be materialised and other privileges and facilities should not be curtailed and proposals of the Government to that effect be dropped immediately in the interest of Industrial peace and harmony.

RESOLUTION - 3: This meeting observes with great trapidation the netification of the Gevt. of Maharashtra to the State Government Employees thretening to affect break in service for their participation in the BHARAT BANDH on May 15th in the wake of Railway Strike and appeals to the good sense of State Government not to drive wage between the seleditory of the employees and joint agitation not condusive to Industrial peace and requests to desist from such anti-labour policy by the State Govt.

RESOLUTION -4: This Pacting also view with great cencern the arresting of the Trade Union leaders of Ordinance Factory, Bhusaval and Varangaen and demands immediate withdrawal of all such cases against them and take all such employees on duty with immediate effect.

RESOLUTION 5: This Meeting thanks prefeundly to the Citizen's Committee and other Secial Workers for their kind co-operation during the Strike period and further heres that they will continue to extend their helping hand in their cultical and victimisation on apparent course thereof.

Resolution adopt d in the anti-victimisation of railwaymen convention held at Ludhiana onic/4/74.

q. This convention of the democratic working class acricusly viewed that Govt. is adolting the vindictive measures against the Reilway workers. Even though about a month and half has easied since the withdrawl of strike thousands of workers are still behind the bars, under DIR, MISA, terminated removed dismicred and lacks are suffering with break in service.

Due to all this sort of victimisation there is a great bittermose amongst the sarkings work re and the Govt. is using all repressive measures to depress and to demorlize the reckers to implement anti-working class policies. So this convention resolves and demorals to vacate all sort of victimisation immediately.

- 2. This convention demands the Railway ministry to start was negociations with NCCRS from the point where it broke up first May 74.
- 3. This convention concerns the decisions of the Govt. NO FAY FOR NO WORK for the period of strike and further feets it a severe attack on trade union rights.
- 4. This convention condemns the indirect WAGE FREEZE policy of the Govt. by promulgate ordinance of President of India by Approximity forcibally recovering the enhanced DA and wages to for two years.

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## HATLEH & CO-ORDINATION CHATTER OF RAIDWAMEN STRUGGE LUDHIAN.

A caparise reconlesion edepted in the Anti-victimisation of Reinsgram convention held on 10-7-74 at LUMIANA.

In This convention conderns the deliving tests of the incel outhersties of IUDHIANA which are not taking best the cories on duty, who were suspended under court esses such as IV, and further demands from the Davidson's Two-ristonant to intervence



Mesolution adopted in the Divisional Convention of NCCRS/Olavakkot Division, held at Erode on 27.10.74.

This convention of Railwaymen of Olavakkot Division held under the suspices of NCCRS/Olavakkot Divn., salutes he Railwaymon who participated in the historic strike in May 74, braving unprecedented repression. The convention feels proud that this divid on has been in the forefront of the struggle till the end. Out of 15000 workers in the Division, nearly 16000 is estimated to have participated in the strike. All the constituent unions and associations in the NCCRS have actively participated in the strike and nearly 70% of the workers stood firm till the hast day of the strike.

- 2) Even though 5 months have passed since the strike was called off, the Railway soministration has not shown good sense to bring back normally in Railways by undoing the large-scale victimisation. Contrary to the promises made in Parliament and outside by the Railway Minister and the Prime Minister and the assurance given to the former President of India that all victimised employees who are not involved in violence or sabotage would be taken back to duty, only 44 out of 80 permanent employees. Who were dismissed or removed from service under rule 14(i) and (ii) of DAR, have been taken back to duty so far. The judgment given by the Calcutta High Court on 2.9.74 declaring the removals under rule 14(ii) of DAR as illegal has not been honoured so far. About 1000 temporary employees in the Division (substitutes end CPC men), who were terminated from service under rule 149 R(i), are yet to be reinstated in service, even though the andbra High Court has delivered judgment on 23.9.74 to the effect that the terminations under rule 140 R(i) are 4 permanent employees at Salem Jn, Morappur and Nadaillegal. purem Read continue to be under suspension in connection with the alleged sabotage cases foisted against them. 7 Section controllers and one Signal Inspector, who were reverted after the strike, have not been restored. 4 employees in the Anginaering deptt under the control of DEN/I were compulsorily retired at the age of 55 years. 19 employees have been transferred elsew where as a penal measure. DIR cases are still pending in the various courts against 25 employees at Cannanore, Calicut, Trichur, Ernakulam, Podanur, Erode and Morappur. Thousands of employees still suffer break in service.
- being glash cash awards, advance increments, extend on of service beyond 5 years, employment to sone and daughters, undeserving promotions, transfers to stations of their choice, etc. The convention werns the Rly.administration that such dirty tactics will recoil and affect smooth working of the Raiways.
- 4) The convention views with grave concern that the Rly. authorities are adopting various tactics to break the unity of Railwaymen, which has been achieved with great difficulty. The convention warns the Railwaymen to guard against such tactics of the Rly.administration and exherts them to build up more and more unity at bottom level.
- 5) The convention expresses its deep appreciation and thanks to the Railwaymen in service and to the sister organisations and general trade unions for the liberal contributions made towards Relief Fund for the victimized workers amidet great stresses and strains and appeals to the Railwaymen and other organisations to

in the line with the solar fellows

We kim propose to launch a joint collection drive of N.C.C.H.S. with the following proposals:-

- That a portion of amount to be collected by the N.C.C.R.3. be set aside to meet the expenses of all Court cases of the victimised employees of the respective participant units till re-instatement of the last victimised employees.
- Financial aid to the victimised employees has to be given equally.
- A broad guide line as regards amount required for 3. 1tem 1 & 2 above has to be formalated in the meeting of the Sub-committee of the local N.C.C.R.S.
- 4. The amount collected to be deposited in a Scheduled Bank twice a week and the account to be operated jointly by 2/3 members of the Sub-committee.
- Prior approval of the Sub-committee will be binding for any expanditure.
- Total list of victimized employers shall have to be prepared carefully in a meeting of the N.C.C.R.S.
- Receipt Books of the value of Hc. 1.00 & R. 2.00 to released only in the name of the N-C.C. H.S. and not in the name of any martiankar participant units.
- that a Sub-committee of 9 members to formed as foliows: -
- 1) S.E.R.M.U.
- 11) D.P.M.3.
- 111) G.B.Ally.L.U.

- iv) I.R. T. S. d.
- V) L.R.S.A.
- vi) blect Staff Council.
- vii) W/S Staff Committee viii) Ministerial Staff Council
  - 1K) A.I.S.M. & A.S.M.
- Minutes of the meeting should be drawn in the meeting and approved. A copy of the minutes drawn should be circulated to all the participant units.

3) It has staff committee Kill

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# INSURANCE EMPLOYEES' UNION

DHARWAR DIVISION

(Reg. No. 55/71-72)

( Affiliated to All India Insurance Employees' Association, Culcutta )

Kudalmath Building, Mrithyunjaya Market, DHARWAR.

Date				
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## RESOLUTION

This IV Annual General Council Meeting of the Insurance Employees Union, Dharwar Division notes with great concern the dilly dalling tactics of the Government of India in playing insincerely with the busic interest of its employees in the matter of grake granting them their legitimate dues on account of D.A. The III Central Pay Commission had specifically laid down certain recommendations by wirtue of which the employees become entitled to further rises in D.As. by way of compensation against rise in cost of living. Notwithstanding that the Govt. was committed to such a position, there was alround opposition and reluctance in the higher echelons of the Govt. to meet the legitimate and genuine claim of the employees. Every time the employees have to pitch up a battle to end their legitimate dues and it is now common place knowledge that it is only after a bitter struggle that the last quantum of rise in D.A. was granted to Central Government employees.

It is possible that the III Central Pay Commission could not easily imagine a situation in which the consumer price index would touch and go beyond 272 points. Logically it therefore came to the conclusion that such a strange phenomenon book place. The situation emerging being extraordinary must lead to a thorough overhaul of the Pay structure itself as it felt that such a phenomenon knocks out the very basis of pay structure itself. In other words it was never the intension of the III Central Pay Commission to put an unreasonable and irrational cealing against the scheme of compensation which was based on a sound and healthy principle. But on the contrary its recommendations clearly amounted to mandate where by the Central Govt. employees became entitled to not only further compensation against rising cost of living, but also a thorough and overall revision of pay scales themselves when the facts remain so it is indeed strange and cruel that the Central Govt. seeks the impose and irrational interpretations to such a well accepted principle and thus tries to enatch away from its employees their hard won rights and benefits.

This meeting is of the considered view that immediate steps should be taken by Government of India to revise upward the pay scales of its employees and until such time it is done the compensation should continue to flow to its employees in the same manner as hitherto for all further rise in cost of living. This meeting, while condemning the retrograde wage policy of the Government of India emphatically demands of it to institute immediate steps for upward revision of pay scales of its employees and in the mean time grant them further increases in D.A. in the same manner as hitherto until the process of upward rivision is completed.

PRESIDENT. 10.3.20

# INSURANCE EMPLOYEES' UNION

DHARWAR DIVISION

(Reg. No. 55/71-72) (Affiliated to All India Insurance Employees' Association, Culcutta)

Kudalmath Building, Mrithyunjaya Market, DHARWAR (32)

## RESOLUTION

This IV Annual General Council meeting of the Insurance Employees Union, Dharvar Division held on the 9th and 10th March 1975 has come to the irresistive conclusion that the grave crisis in the country's economy that is being currently witnessed to-day is solely due to the efforts of the ruling classes to take the country along the capitalist path. Since the economic crisis is deepening every day, the Government, unable to check the inroads made into the mation's wealth by the capitalists, Big landlords, Monopolists and others of their ilk, has intensified its war on the working people and is trying to shift the burden of the crisis on the shoulders of the workers and toilers in this country. Over the years, the werking people have been made the scape-goats of the ruinous economic and fiscal policies pursued by the government, since these policies only helped to concentrate wealth in the hands of the privileged few, while at the same time, heaping more and more miseries on the workers and toiling masses. Particularly during the past few years, the ruling classes have been unabashedly encouraging the activities of the richer strata of society, since these elements with the help of their money power have been financing the ruling party to capture and retain political power. In fact, the political base of the ruling party in the urban areas are the monopolists, industrialists and big business tyeoons and in the rural centres, the big landlords who have cornered huge areas of oultivable land by foul means and fair are its rural base. Naturally, these forces who are interested in protecting their illgotten wealth have been forcing the government to take pronouncedly anti-working class measures since each concession to the owrking people would mean lesser profits for them. It can be vehemently said that the party in power has been virtually controlled by these elements who by holding the means of production are responsible for the quagairs in which the economy finds itself by their lust for super-profits. In their greed to accumulate wealth, the capitalists and the big landlords have manipulated prices to such am extent as to make the life and living of the working people agonisingly miserable.

The Government on the one hands deles out more concessions to the capitalists and landlords while on the other it has struck repeatedly at the living conditions of the workers by its policies. By its accent on commodity Taxation, Excise levies, subsidies etc. it has fattened the coffers of the rich and has allowed them to amass huge wealth. It has also tacitly encouraged by its inaction such anti-social and anti-mational activities as hoarding, evasion of taxos, black marketing, sauggling, and black money operations. Its budgetary policies have heavily leaned towards deficit financing which has created a situation of inflation in the country with price rise following as a inevitable concomitant. The net result of all this has been an economic crisis of the severest magnitude which is deepening every day and is showing eighs of intensifying in more acute forms in the coming days.

In such a situation, the Government has declared a var

The Government is troffing out the theory that in order to combat the inflationary conditions prevailing in the economy it has become necessary to take recourse to the impounding of wages. The plea advanced by the Government is that the wage levels of the workers have been responsible to push the price level and therefore the impounding of wages would cause the prices to fall down.

This General council meeting rejects these theories of the Government lock, stock and barrel and helds that it is not the wages that have been responsible for the inflation and price rise but the reverse. In fact during the last few months when there have been absolutely no wage settlements, the prices have skyrocketted which is because the vested interests are holding the country's economy into ransom and through their manipulations ereated a situation of artificial scarcity.

This General Council meeting therefore demands of the Govt, to abandon its policy of appeasement towards the capitalists Monopolists and big landlords and to consficate their plundered wealth apart from taking over whole-sale trade in foodgrains, effect far reaching land reforms, ensure a viable public distribution system deheard the hidden stocks of food and end the loof of foreign monopoly capital. This meeting further demands of the Government to withdraw the Mack acts immediately and to evolve a progressive and dynamic wage policy in keeping with the needs of the situation.

This General Council meeting while taking note of the struggles that have been launched against theixhere been the wage-freeze, enjoins upon the Insurance Employees to close up their ranks and fight united battles to see that the ill advised wage-freeze policies of the Govt. is defeated. It also calls upon the Insurance Employees to unify, organise and educate the rest of the working people to launch concerted struggles against wage freeze.

This General Council meeting also takes a serious view of the blatantly anti-employees actions of the LIC management and warns them that if they do not give up the path of hostility and beligerence pursued by them, the employees organised under the banner of AIIEA will take up the cudgels and force the management to see reason.

This meeting calls upon the L.I.C. and G.I.C. employees in Dharvar Division area to be organisationally prepared to make the proposed Industrial Action the date of which will be finalised in the near future a grand success.

PRESIDENT. 10-5.21

# INSURANCE EMPLOYEES, UNION

DHARWAR DIVISION

(Reg. No. 55/71-72)

( Affiliated to All India Insurance Employees' Association, Culcutta )



Branch Unit:

Date :

#### RESOLUTION

This IV Annual General Council Meeting of Insurance Employees Union, Dharwar held on 9th & 10th March, 1975 placeson record its appreciation of the glorious unprecedented, historic, strike of Indian Railwaymen in May, 1974 under the Banner of N.C.C.R.S. toachieve their just and legitimate demands notwithstanding the repressive and brutal attacks meted out to them and their families by the Government using B.S.F., Police, Military, M.I.S.A., D.I.R. etc.

Not satisfied with repression and denial of democratic Trade Union Rights to the Railwaymen the Government went on dismissing thousands of activists of N.C.C.R.S. during and after the Strike.

This meeting condemns all these repressive tactics of the Government an unequivocal terms and demands of them to:

- 1) Take back all the employees who have been dismissed from the services during the strike;
- 2) Immediately start negotiations with the N.C.C.R.S. and settle the demands of Railwaymen amicably without any further delay.

This meeting also affirms its fraternal support to the Railwaymen in their struggles to achieve a better standard of life and living.

PRESIDENT.